HAI AGROCHEM JOINT STOCK COMPANY 28 Mac Dinh Chi, Da Kao Ward, District 1, Ho Chi Minh City, Viet Nam

CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
HAI AGROCHEM JOINT STOCK COMPANY
Quarter IV of 2024



HAI AGROCHEM JOINT STOCK COMPANY 28 Mac Dinh Chi, Da Kao Ward, District 1, Ho Chi Minh City, Viet Nam

TABLE OF CONTENTS

CONTENTS	Page number
Report of the Executive Board	01 - 02
Audited consolidated Financial statements:	
Balance sheet	03 - 06
Income statement	07 - 08
Cash flow statement	09 - 10
Notes to the Financial statements	11 - 44

100000

REPORT OF THE EXECUTIVE BOARD

The Executive Board of HAI Agrochem Joint Stock Company presents the Report of the Executive Board and the Consolidated Financial statements of the Company for the operating period from January 1, 2024, to December 31, 2024.

General overview of HAI Agrochem Joint Stock Company

Hai Agrochem Joint Stock Company was granted the initial Enterprise Registration Certificate No. 0301242080 on February 7, 2005, by the Ho Chi Minh City Department of Planning and Investment and was amended for the 17th time on October 13, 2021.

Main Business Activities

- Manufacture of basic chemicals;
- Manufacture of fertilizers and nitrogen compounds;
- Manufacture of pesticides and other agrochemical products. Details: Production of plant protection chemicals;
- Real estate business, land use rights of owners, users, or leased properties. Details:
 Warehouse and office leasing, real estate business;
- Lease of machinery, equipment, and other tangible assets. Details: Lease of machinery and equipment for agrochemical production;

The company is located at: 28 Mac Dinh Chi, Da Kao Ward, District 1, Ho Chi Minh City, Vietnam.

The Board of Directors - Exe. Board of the Company as of the date of this report includes:

Board of Directors Mr. Nguyen Chi Cong Mr. Nguyen Duc Cong Mr. Quach Thanh Dong Mr. Phan Thanh Diep Mr. Pham Van Luom Ms. Bui Hai Huyen Mr. Le Van Sac Ms. Nguyen Binh Phuong The Executive Board: Mr. Quach Thanh Dong	Position Chairman Chairman Vice Chairman Member Member Member Member Member Member	Notes (Appointed on June 28, 2023) (Dismissed on June 28, 2023) (Appointed on June 28, 2023) (Appointed on June 28, 2023) (Dismissed on June 28, 2023)
The Supervisory Board: Mr. Nguyen Le Thanh Mr. Nguyen Manh Cuong Ms. Nguyen Thi Ngoc Dung	Position Head of the Board Head of the Board Member	Notes (Appointed on June 28, 2023) (Dismissed on June 28, 2023) (Dismissed on February 26, 2024)

HAI AGROCHEM JOINT STOCK COMPANY 28 Mac Dinh Chi, Da Kao Ward, District 1, Ho Chi Minh City, Vietnam

REPORT OF THE EXECUTIVE BOARD

Quarter IV of 2024

Mr. Nguyen Van An	Member	(Dismissed on May 30, 2024)
Mr. Doan Viet Hoang	Member	(Dismissed on June 28, 2023)
Ms. Dinh Thi Quynh Mai	Member	(Dismissed on June 28, 2023)

Declaration of the Executive Board's responsibility for the Consolidated Financial

The Executive Board is responsible for preparing the Company's Consolidated Financial statements that fairly and reasonably reflect the Company's financial position, including the Balance sheet, Income statement, Cash flow statement, and Notes to the financial statements for the year. In the process of preparing these Financial statements, the Executive Board affirms the following:

- The selection of appropriate accounting policies and the consistent application of these policies;
- Making reasonable and prudent judgments and estimates;
- Preparing and presenting the financial statements in compliance with applicable accounting standards, accounting policies, and relevant laws and regulations;
- Preparing the Financial statements on the basis of the going concern assumption. The company will continue to operate and implement its business plan in the following financial
- The accounting records are maintained to reflect the Company's financial position with fairness and reasonableness at any point in time, ensuring that the Financial statements comply with current state regulations. Additionally, the Executive Board is responsible for safeguarding the Company's assets and implementing appropriate measures to prevent and detect fraud and other violations;

According to the opinion of the Executive Board, the accompanying Consolidated Financial statements accurately and reasonably reflect the financial position of the Company as of December 31, 2024, including the Balance sheet, Income statement, Cash flow statement, and Notes to the Financial statements for the fiscal year ending on the same date, in accordance with Vietnamese Accounting Standards, the Vietnamese Enterprise Accounting System, and relevant laws related to the preparation and presentation of Financial statements.

Ho Chi Minh City, February 24, 2025

Representative

HAI AGROCHEM JOINT STOCK COMPANY

CỔNG TY CỔ PHẨN NÔNG DƯỢC

HAI

CEO

Quach Thanh Dong

Chi Minh City, Viet Nam

Quarter IV of 2024

CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEET

As of December 31, 2024.

1000			
- 1 1	nit	. \/	N I I
U	HIL.	. v	IVI

I Inst

)

N E F

					Unit: VND
No	ASSET	CO	NOT ES	ENDING BALANCE	BEGINNING BALANCE
	1	2	3	4	5
A	CURRENT ASSETS	100		2,080,998,837,650	2,075,791,018,838
1	Cash and cash equivalents	110	V.1	4,691,631,736	3,989,358,513
1	Cash	111		4,691,631,736	3,989,358,513
2	Cash equivalents	112		-	-
II	Short-term financial investments	120		261,433,768,950	261,433,768,950
1	Held-to-maturity investments	123	V.2	261,433,768,950	261,433,768,950
III	Short-term receivables	130		1,491,299,372,484	1,494,009,688,799
1	Short-term trade receivables	131	V.5	560,726,007,914	559,638,918,773
2	Short-term advances to suppliers	132	V.6	214,002,519,806	220,121,700,697
3	Receivables from related parties	133			_
4	Receivables from construction contract	134			
3	Receivables from short-term loans	135	V.3	845,235,929,000	845,235,929,000
4	Other short-term receivables	136	V.7	400,901,043,121	398,360,059,599
5	Provision for doubtful debts (*)	137		(529,566,127,357)	(529,346,919,270)
6	Shortage of assets awaiting	139	V.8		_
IV	Inventories	140		305,096,288,395	297,325,939,208
1	Inventories	141	V.9	307,196,094,787	299,425,745,600
2	Provision for inventory decline in value (*)	149		(2,099,806,392)	(2,099,806,392)
٧	Other current assets	150		18,477,776,085	19,032,263,368
1	Prepaid expenses	151	V.13a	317,660,205	263,365,920
2	VAT deductibles	152		16,115,213,086	16,684,749,011
	Taxes and other receivables from the state	153		2,044,902,794	2,084,148,437
4	Trading Government bonds	154			
5	Other current assets	155		_	

Chi Minh City, Viet Nam

CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEET

As of December 31, 2024. (Continue)

		V	

P 3

_					Unit: VND
No	AGGET	DE	The state of the s	ENDING BALANCE	BEGINNING BALANCE
_	1	2	3	4	5
В	HOLL GOLLLET AGGETS	200		248,840,494,394	265,260,149,489
ı	Long-term receivables	210		388,529,242	5,950,928,336
	Long term trade receivables	211			-
	Long term advance to suppliers	212		-	
	Working capital from subunits	213		-	
	Long term receivables from related parties	214		-	
	Long term loan receivables	215			
1	Other long-term receivables	216		388,529,242	5,950,928,336
	Provision for doubtful debts (*)	219		-	-
II	Fixed assets	220		61,388,579,821	72,082,232,825
1	Tangible fixed assets	221	V.10	60,471,356,729	71,137,629,945
	- Cost	222		182,284,650,932	182,160,052,362
	- Accumulated depreciation (*)	223		(121,813,294,203)	(111,022,422,417)
2	Intangible fixed assets	227	V.11	917,223,092	944,602,880
	- Cost	228		6,229,751,551	6,229,751,551
	 Accumulated amortization (*) 	229		(5,312,528,459)	(5,285,148,671)
Ш	Investment properties	230			(-,,, -, -, -, -, -, -, -, -, -, -, -, -, -,
IV	Long-term assets in progress	240		3,184,746,899	3,057,151,399
1	Construction in progress	242	V.12	3,184,746,899	3,057,151,399
٧	Long-term financial investments	250		175,046,928,728	175,046,928,728
1	Investments in subsidiary	251		-	_
1	Other long-term investments	253	V.4	175,046,928,728	175,046,928,728
4	Provision for long-term	254		-	0
VI	Other long-term assets	260		8,831,709,704	
1	Long-term prepaid expenses	261	V.13b	8,831,709,704	9,122,908,201 9,122,908,201
	TOTAL ASSETS	270			
	TOTAL ASSETS	270		2,329,839,332,044	2,341,051,168,32

Chi Minh City, Viet Nam

Quarter IV of 2024

CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEET

As of December 31, 2024.

(Continue)

MAUNIC
NNING ANCE
5
05,790,766
24,883,505
258,331,314
66,107,443
26,627,972
71,334,971
62,852,192
02,002,102
42,504,507
76,789,763
_
20,335,343
80,907,261
_
-
35,463,956
45,443,305

CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEET

As of December 31, 2024.

(Continue)

- 1	n	+.	1	/N	ır
- 4	 		·	/ I \	

_					
No	RESOURCES	CO	NOT ES	ENDING BALANCE	BEGINNING BALANCE
	1	2	3	4	5
В	EQUITY	400		1,819,108,470,519	1,815,345,377,561
1	Owners' equity	410	V.21	1,819,108,470,519	1,815,345,377,561
1	Contributed chartered capital	411		1,826,827,990,000	1,826,827,990,000
	Ordinary shares	411a		1,826,827,990,000	1,826,827,990,000
	Preference shares	411b		-	
2	Share premium	412		36,652,274,294	36,652,274,294
3	Supplementary capital reserve fund	418		43,845,545,409	43,845,545,409
4	Retained earnings	421		(148,190,753,541)	(151,953,846,498)
	Previous year retained earnings	421a		(151,953,846,499)	(222,612,951,766)
	This year retained earnings	421b		3,763,092,958	70,659,105,267
6	Non-controlling interests	429		59,973,414,357	59,973,414,357
II	Other funds and reserves	430		-	
	TOTAL RESOURCES	440		2,329,839,332,044	2,341,051,168,327

Preparer

Ho Nguyen Duy Quan

Chief Accountant

Ho Nguyen Duy Quan

Ho Chi Minh City February 24, 2025

Quach Thanh Dong

CEO

ŦĮ. וכ

HAI AGROCHEM JOINT STOCK COMPANY 28 Mac Dinh Chi, Da Kao Ward, District 1, Ho Chi Minh City, Viet Nam

Quarter IV of 2024

CONSOLIDATED INCOME STATEMENT

From January 1, 2024, to December 31, 2024

	ITEMS	응 핌	오쁜	THIS PERIOD	ERIOD	CUMULATIVE FROM THE BEGINNING OF THE YEAR TO THE END OF THIS PERIOD	M THE BEGINNING THE END OF THIS IOD
		S	S	Quarter IV/2024	Quarter IV/2023	2024	2023
-	Revenue from sale of goods and rendering of services	6	N.I.	55,908,624,747	50,920,181,948	213,384,569,045	165,290,143,401
2	Deductions	02	VI.2	1,779,794,121	2,739,997,369	5,621,906,003	3,633,851,040
6	Net Revenue from sale of goods and rendering of services	9		54,128,830,626	48,180,184,579	207,762,663,042	159,453,931,367
4	Costs of goods sold and services rendered	7	VI.3	33,192,406,191	37,542,527,463/	139,000,240,904	129,572,724,563
5.	Gross profit from sales of goods and rendering of services	20		20,936,424,435	10,637,657,116	68,762,422,138	32,083,567,798
9	Revenue from financial activities	21	VI.4	27,887,853	85,167,239	1,060,102,577	335.687.267
7	Financial expenses	22	VI.5	3,642,937,542	6,007,881,752	13,722,166,737	4.465.637.296
	Including: Interest expenses	23		1,808,389,888	5,132,197,548	8,064,144,078	1,321,182,355
œ.	Share in profits of associates	24				1	•
	9. Selling expenses	25	VI.6	9,215,785,361	9,542,613,666	26,159,031,435	28,701,788,616
O.	10. Administrative expenses	26	VI.7	6,237,702,413	6,316,276,539	25,554,387,595	26,085,557,973
	11. Operating income	30		1,867,886,972	(11,143,947,602)	4,386,938,948	(26,833,728,820)

(Continue)

							UNIT: NAD
	ITEMS	CO	N TE	THIS PERIOD	ERIOD	CUMULATIVE FROM THE BEGINNING OF THE YEAR TO THE END OF THIS PERIOD	I THE BEGINNING HE END OF THIS OD
		S	S	Quarter IV/2024	Quarter IV/2023	2024	2023
12.	12. Other income	31	VI.8	453,834,467	(39,186,244,927)	1,128,023,507	99.518.185.988
13.	Other expenses	32	VI.9	455,511,969	(39,222,704,369)	1,714,386,140	2,025,351,901
14.	14. Other profit	40		(1,677,502)	36,459,442	(586,362,633)	97,492,834,087
15.	Total accounting profit before tax	20		1,866,209,470	(11,107,488,160)	3,800,576,315	70,659,105,267
16.	Current corporate income tax expenses	51	VI.10	(26, 152, 841)	ı	37,483,357	
17.	Deferred corporate income tax expenses	52		•	1		
18.	18. Net income after tax	09		1,892,362,311	(11,107,488,160)	3,763,092,958	70,659,105,267
	Net profit after tax of the parent	61		1,892,362,311	(11,107,488,160)	3,763,092,958	70.659.105.267
	Profit After Tax Attributable to Non- Controlling Interests	62		•	1		
19.	Basic earnings per share	70 VI.11	11.11	10.36	(60.80)	20.60	386.79
20.	Diluted earnings per share	71				•	
				,		Ho Chi Minh City,	Ho Chi Minh City, February 24, 2025
	Preparer Chie	f Acc	Chief Accountant	n)t		4:03012420@EQ	
	11		1			S CONG TY	
			N	4		NONG DUGG	
	Ho Nguyen Duy Quan	No No	Juyen	Ho Nguyen Duy Quan		Quach Thanh Dong	h Dong
1)	

œ

101 0 Z 4/2/1

CASHFLOW STATEMENT

(Direct method)

From January 1, 2024, to December 31, 2024

			The second secon	Unit: VND
	ITEMS	DE S	2024	2023
I	Cash flows from (used in) operating activities			
1	Cash received from sales of goods and rendering of services and other revenue	01	293,563,612,969	146,693,779,911
2	Cash paid to suppliers of goods and services	02	(222,290,918,619)	(129,479,257,758)
3	Cash paid to employees	03	(30,357,662,170)	(16,946,687,244)
4	Interest paid on loans	04	(7,437,563,824)	(4,491,652,192)
5	Corporate income tax paid	05	(207,251,389)	(152,241,233)
6	Other cash received from business activities	06	7,027,869,668	24,469,794,167
7	Other cash payments for business activities	07	(23,470,040,450)	(11,985,401,262)
	Net cash flows from (used in) operating activities	20	16,828,046,185	8,108,334,389
II	Cash flows from (used in) investing activities			
1	Cash paid for purchase and construction of fixed assets and other long-term assets	21	_	(1,599,069,797)
2	Cash received from the liquidation, sale, or transfer of fixed assets and other long-term assets	22		=1
3	Cash paid for lending and purchase of debt instruments of other entities	23		
2	Cash received from lending, selling debt instrument of other entities	24	6,295,000,000	5,500,000,000
3	Interest earned, dividends and profits received	27	989,040	1,223,702
	Net cash flows from (used in) investing activities	30	6,295,989,040	3,902,153,905
Ш	Cash flows from (used in) financing activitie	es		
	Cash received from loans	33	73,535,665,715	16,300,000,000
2	Repayment of principal loan	34	(95,958,241,096)	(29,988,098,551)
	Net cash flows from (used in) financing activities	40	(22,422,575,381)	(13,688,098,551)

CASHFLOW STATEMENT

(Direct method)

From January 1, 2024, to December 31, 2024 (Continue)

			Unit: VND
ITEMS	CO DE S	2024	2023
Net Cash flow for the period	50	701,459,844	(1,677,610,257)
Cash and Cash Equivalents at the beginning of the year	60	3,989,358,513	5,438,102,147
Effect of Foreign Exchange Rate Changes	61	813,379	(474,997)
Cash and Cash Equivalents at the ending of the year	70	4,691,631,736	3,760,016,893

Ho Chi Minh City, February 24, 2025

Preparer

Chief Accountant

Ho Ng. Duy Quan

Hø Ng. Duy Quan

CÔNG TY
CÔ PHẨN
NÔNG DƯỢCH
HAI

Quach Thanh Dong

I. COMPANY INFORMATION

1. Form of capital ownership:

Hai Agrochem Joint Stock Company was granted the initial Enterprise Registration Certificate No. 0301242080 on February 7, 2005, by the Ho Chi Minh City Department of Planning and Investment and was amended for the 17th time on October 13, 2021.

The charter capital of the company as registered in the business registration: VND 1,826,827,990,000.

(In words: One thousand eight hundred twenty-six billion eight hundred twenty-seven million nine hundred ninety thousand VND)

The company is located at: 28 Mac Dinh Chi, Da Kao Ward, District 1, Ho Chi Minh City, Vietnam.

2. Business sector: Trade and services

3. Business activities

- Manufacture of basic chemicals;
- Other specialized wholesale not elsewhere classified. Details: Trading of chemicals (excluding highly toxic chemicals), fertilizers. Trading of plant protection products. Trading of plastic resins;
- Manufacture of fertilizers and nitrogen compounds;
- Propagation and care of agricultural seedlings. Details: Production of crop seeds;
- Wholesale of raw agricultural and forestry products (excluding wood, bamboo, and rattan) and live animals. Details: Trading of crop seedlings, seeds, and supplying plant varieties;
- Manufacture of pesticides and other agrochemical products. Details: Production of plant protection chemicals;
- Rice cultivation:
- Fiber crop cultivation;
- Cultivation of maize (corn) and other cereal cropsc;
- Cultivation of oilseed crops:
- Cultivation of vegetables, legumes, flowers, and ornamental plants;
- Cultivation of fruit trees, cashew trees, pepper plants, coffee trees, spice plants, and medicinal plants;
- Crop cultivation services;
- Real estate business, land use rights of owners, users, or leased properties. Details: Warehouse and office leasing, real estate business;

HAI AGROCHEM JOINT STOCK COMPANY

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

28 Mac Dinh Chi, Da Kao Ward, District 1, Ho Chi Minh City, Viet Nam

Quarter IV of 2024

- Leasing of machinery, equipment, and other tangible assets. Details: Leasing of production machinery and equipment for the agrochemical industry;
- Motor vehicle rental. Details: Truck rental;
- Market research and opinion polling. Details: Market research services;
- Organizing introductions and trade promotion. Details: Marketing services;
- 4. Normal business production cycle: 12 months.
- 5. Corporate structure
- Dependent accounting branches: 07 branches, including:
- 4 branches are currently operational, and 3 branches are temporarily inactive.

No.	Branch Name	Address	Note
1.	Branch of HAI Agrochem Joint Stock Company - Dong Nai	Tran Cao Van Hamlet, Bau Ham 2 Commune, Thong Nhat District, Dong Nai Province, Vietnam	Currently operating
2.	Branch of HAI Agrochem Joint Stock Company - Kien Giang	97A, Phuoc Ninh Hamlet, Mong Tho B Commune, Chau Thanh District, Kien Giang Province, Vietnam	Temporarily suspended
3.	Branch of HAI Agrochem Joint Stock Company - Tien Giang	Km 1990, National Highway 1, My Can Hamlet, Cai Lay District, Tien Giang Province, Vietnam	Currently operating
4.	Branch of HAI Agrochem Joint Stock Company - An Giang	Hoa Phu 1 Hamlet, An Chau Town, Chau Thanh District, An Giang Province, Vietnam	Temporarily suspended
5.	Branch of HAI Agrochem Joint Stock Company - Can Tho	Lot 30A4, Tra Noc I Industrial Park, Tra Noc Ward, Binh Thuy District, Can Tho City, Vietnam	Currently operating
6.	Branch of HAI Agrochem Joint Stock Company - Ha Noi	Room 2404, Building 24T1, Trung Hoa Nhan Chinh Urban Area, Cau Giay District, Hanoi, Vietnam	Currently operating
7.	Branch of HAI Agrochem Joint Stock Company - Son La	Tieu Khu 3, Hat Lot Town, Mai Son District, Son La Province, Vietnam	Temporarily suspended

- Subsidiary Companies:

No.	Subsidiary Company Name	Address	Ownership Percentage	Voting Rights Percentage
1.	Hai Quy Nhon Limited Company	To Hieu Street, Quang Trung Industrial Cluster, Quang Trung Ward, Quy Nhon City, Binh Dinh Province	100%	100%
2.	Hai Long An Manufacturing & Trading Limited Company	Lot 02-HC7-HC8, Xuyen A Industrial Park, My Hanh Bac Commune, Duc Hoa District, Long An Province	100%	100%
3.	Hai Investment and Development Real Estate Company Limited	28 Mac Dinh Chi, DaKao Ward, District 1, Ho Chi Minh City	85%	85%

II. FISCAL YEAR AND CURRENCY USED IN ACCOUNTING

- 1. Accounting period: Begins on January 1 and ends on December 31 each year.
- 2. Currency used for bookkeeping, financial statement preparation, and presentation: VND.

III. ACCOUNTING STANDARDS AND APPLICABLE ACCOUNTING SYSTEM

- Accounting system applied: The company applies the Vietnamese enterprise accounting system issued under Circular 200/TT-BTC dated December 22, 2014
- 2. Declaration of compliance with accounting standards and accounting system:

We, Hai Agrochem Joint Stock Company, declare compliance with the Vietnamese accounting standards and accounting system issued by the Ministry of Finance, suitable for the company's business operations.

IV. APPLIED ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The following are the primary accounting principles applied by the company in the preparation of the Financial statements:

4.1. Exchange rates used in accounting

- a. Principles for determining the actual exchange rate:
- The actual exchange rate for foreign currency transactions arising during the period:

クマグーサー

- + The exchange rate for foreign currency purchases and sales is the rate specified in the foreign exchange purchase and sale contract between the enterprise and the commercial bank.
- + If the contract does not specify the payment exchange rate, the enterprise records in the accounting books according to the following principle:

The actual exchange rate for recognizing receivables: it is the buying exchange rate of the commercial bank where the enterprise instructs the customer to make the payment at the time the transaction occurs.

The actual exchange rate for recognizing payables: it is the selling exchange rate of the commercial bank where the enterprise plans to conduct the transaction at the time the transaction occurs.

For transactions involving the purchase of assets or expenses paid immediately in foreign currency, the actual exchange rate is the buying exchange rate of the commercial bank where the enterprise makes the payment.

- The actual exchange rate for revaluing foreign currency-denominated monetary items at the time of preparing the financial statements: It is the exchange rate announced by the commercial bank with which the enterprise regularly transacts, according to the following principle:
- + The actual transaction exchange rate used to revalue monetary items denominated in foreign currencies classified as assets is the buying rate of the commercial bank where the company frequently conducts transactions at the time of preparing the financial statements. For foreign currency deposits at banks, the actual exchange rate used for revaluation is the buying rate of the specific bank where the company holds its foreign currency account.
- + The actual exchange rate for revaluing foreign currency-denominated monetary items classified as payables: It is the selling exchange rate of the commercial bank at the time of preparing the financial statements.

4.1. Exchange rates used in accounting (continued)

- b. Principles for determining the exchange rate for recording: The exchange rate for recording includes the actual exchange rate for specific transactions or the moving weighted average exchange rate.
- The actual exchange rate for specific transactions: It is the exchange rate used when collecting receivables, paying deposits or securities, or settling payables in foreign currency. This rate is determined based on the exchange rate at the time the transaction occurs or at the end-of-period revaluation for each item.
- The moving weighted average exchange rate: This rate is used for crediting the cash account when making payments in foreign currency. It is calculated by dividing the total amount reflected in the debit side of the cash account by the actual foreign currency available at the time of payment.

c. Principles for applying exchange rates in accounting:

- When foreign currency transactions occur, the actual exchange rate at the time of the transaction is used to convert amounts into the accounting currency for:

- + Accounts reflecting revenue and other income. Specifically, in the case of sales of goods, provision of services, or income related to advance revenues or advance transactions with buyers, the corresponding revenue or income for the amount received in advance is converted using the exchange rate at the time the buyer makes the advance payment.
- + Accounts reflecting production costs, business expenses, and other expenses. Specifically, in the case of allocating prepaid expenses to production or business costs during the period, the expense is recorded using the actual exchange rate at the time the prepayment occurs.
- + Accounts reflecting assets. Specifically, for assets purchased in advance, the value of the asset corresponding to the prepayment is converted using the actual exchange rate at the time the advance payment is made to the seller.
- + Shareholder equity accounts.
- + Debit entries in receivable accounts; debit entries in monetary accounts; debit entries in payable accounts when prepayments are made to the seller.
- + Credit entries in payable accounts; credit entries in receivable accounts when the buyer makes an advance payment.
- When foreign currency transactions occur, the actual exchange rate for specific transactions is used to convert amounts into the accounting currency for the following types of accounts:
- + Credit entries in receivable accounts (excluding cases of prepayments from the buyer); Debit entries in receivable accounts when prepayment from the buyer is settled after transferring products, goods, fixed assets (TSCĐ), providing services, or when the quantity is accepted; Credit entries in pledged, escrow accounts, and prepaid expenses.
- + Debit entries in payable accounts (excluding prepayments to the seller); Credit entries in payable accounts when the prepayment to the seller is settled after receiving products, goods, fixed assets (TSCĐ), services, or when the quantity is accepted.
- + In cases where multiple toreign currency receivables or payables occur during the period with the same counterpart, the actual exchange rate for specific transactions for each item is determined based on the moving weighted average exchange rate of transactions with that counterpart.
- + When making payments in foreign currency, the moving weighted average exchange rate is used to convert amounts into the accounting currency for credit entries in cash accounts.

4.2. Principles for recognizing cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents include cash on hand, bank deposits, deposits, short-term investments, or investments with high liquidity. High liquidity investments are those that can be easily converted into known amounts of cash and carry little risk of fluctuations in value upon conversion.

4.3 Trade receivables and other receivables

HAI AGROCHEM JOINT STOCK COMPANY

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

28 Mac Dinh Chi, Da Kao Ward, District 1, Ho Chi Minh City, Viet Nam

Quarter IV of 2024

Receivables are presented on the financial statements at the carrying amount of receivables from customers and other receivables after deducting provisions for doubtful debts.

- Receivables with a maturity of no more than 12 months or within a normal operating cycle from the reporting date are classified as current assets.
- Items that are not classified as short-term are reclassified as long-term.

The Company's provision for doubtful debts is established in accordance with current accounting regulations. Accordingly, the Company is allowed to create provisions for doubtful debts for receivables that have been overdue for 6 months or more, or receivables that are unlikely to be paid due to liquidation, bankruptcy, or other similar difficulties. The provision for doubtful debts is created for each individual receivable based on the provisions outlined in Circular No. 48/2019/TT-BTC issued by the Ministry of Finance on August 8, 2019. Increases or decreases in the provision account balance are recorded as management expenses for the year.

4.4 Inventories

Inventories are determined based on the lower of cost and net realizable value. The cost of inventories includes direct material costs, direct labor costs, and production overhead costs (if any) incurred to bring the inventory to its current location and condition.

Net realizable value is determined as the estimated selling price less estimated costs to complete the product, along with any marketing, selling, and distribution expenses incurred.

The Company applies the periodic method to account for inventories with the value determined as follows:

Method to determine the value of ending inventories: Weighted average cost.

Method of inventory accounting: Periodic system.

Provision for inventory devaluation:

The provision for inventory devaluation is made at the time of preparing the financial statements as the difference between the cost of inventories and their net realizable value. Increases or decreases in the provision for inventory devaluation are recorded as part of the cost of goods sold.

4.5 Prepaid expenses

Prepaid expenses include short-term or long-term prepaid expenses on the balance sheet and are allocated over the period corresponding to the benefits derived from these expenses.

4.6 Tangible fixed assets, intangible assets, and finance leases

Assets recognized as fixed assets must meet all four (4) of the following recognition criteria:

1710

- (1) There is a certainty that economic benefits will be obtained from the use of the asset in the future:
- (2) The asset's cost must be reliably measured;
- (3) The estimated useful life is over one year;
- (4) The asset meets the value criteria set by current regulations (valued at 30,000,000 VND or more).

Fixed assets are recorded at cost less accumulated depreciation.

The cost of newly purchased fixed assets includes the purchase price and all other directly related costs incurred to bring the asset to its ready-to-use state. The cost of tangible fixed assets constructed by contractors includes the value of completed works handed over and other directly related costs. The cost of tangible fixed assets self-constructed includes construction costs, actual production costs, installation costs, testing costs, and other related costs.

For fixed assets transferred from construction investment projects completed in the year but not yet approved for settlement, the increase in the fixed asset's value is the investment cost incurred up to the transfer date. When the project's settlement is approved, the cost of the fixed asset will be adjusted according to the settlement value.

4.7 Depreciation and Amortization

Fixed assets are depreciated using the straight-line method based on their estimated useful life, in accordance with the depreciation rates specified in Circular No. 200/2014/TT-BTC dated December 22, 2014, and Circular No. 45/2013/TT-BTC dated April 25, 2013, as amended by Circular No. 147/2016/TT-BTC dated October 13, 2016, and Circular No. 28/2017/TT-BTC of the Ministry of Finance, as follows:

Accest Turns	
Asset Type	Depreciation Period
Buildings and structures	06 - 50 year
Machinery and equipment	03 - 12 year
Vehicles	06 - 10 year
Management tools and equipment	FRANK NAME OF THE PARTY OF THE
	03 - 10 year
Other assets	03 - 05 year
Intangible assets	03 - 50 year

4.8 Construction in progress

Construction in progress includes fixed assets that are being purchased and constructed but are not yet completed as of the end of the accounting period, and are recognized at cost. This includes construction costs, equipment installation costs, and other direct costs. These costs will only be depreciated when the assets are completed and put into use.

4.9 Accounting principles for contracts and joint ventures

HAI AGROCHEM JOINT STOCK COMPANY NOTES TO THE FINANCIALSTATEMENTS 28 Mac Dinh Chi, Da Kao Ward, District 1, Ho Chi Minh City, Viet Nam Quarter IV of 2024

Business cooperation contracts can be executed in the form of jointly constructing assets or cooperating in certain business activities. The participating parties may agree to share revenue, products, or post-tax profits.

In all cases, when receiving funds or assets from other parties for the joint business activity, the receiving party must account for it as a liability, not as equity.

For joint venture contracts in the form of jointly controlled assets, each participating party will receive products or revenue from the use and exploitation of the jointly controlled assets and bear a portion of the costs incurred as agreed in the contract.

For joint venture contracts in the form of jointly controlled business operations, each party that incurs costs for specific activities will bear the corresponding expenses. For shared costs (if any), they will be allocated among the parties according to the terms in the contract.

4.10 Recognition principles for financial investments

Short-term financial investments: These include bank deposits with maturity periods, loans held until maturity, and other investments with a remaining term of no more than 12 months from the reporting date, recognized at cost.

Long-term financial investments: These include investments in subsidiaries, joint ventures, and other long-term investments. They are recognized at cost, starting from the date of capital contribution or the purchase of bonds.

Method for provisioning short-term and long-term investment devaluation:

The provisioning for short-term and long-term investment devaluation is applied in accordance with the guidelines set forth in Circular No. 228/2009/TT-BTC dated December 07, 2009, Circular No. 89/2013/TT-BTC dated June 28, 2013, and Circular No. 48/2019/TT-BTC dated August 08, 2019, issued by the Ministry of Finance.

4.11 Accounts payable and accrued expenses

Accounts payable and accrued expenses are recognized for amounts payable in the future related to goods and services received, regardless of whether the company has received an invoice from the supplier.

Accounts payable are tracked in detail by payment term, payee, and the currency payable. Accounts payable to vendors include amounts owed from commercial transactions arising from buying and selling. Accounts payable are classified as short-term and long-term on the financial statements based on the remaining payment term as of the reporting date.

4.12 Recognition of loans and financial lease liabilities

Loans and financial lease liabilities with repayment terms over 12 months from the reporting date are classified as long-term loans and liabilities. Amounts due within 12 months from the reporting date are classified as short-term loans and liabilities for repayment planning.

HAI AGROCHEM JOINT STOCK COMPANY

NOTES TO THE FINANCIALSTATEMENTS

28 Mac Dinh Chi, Da Kao Ward, District 1, Ho Chi Minh City, Viet Nam

Quarter IV of 2024

ċ

Directly related costs to loans are accounted for as financial expenses. If these costs arise from loans specifically for investment, construction, or production of construction-in-progress assets, they are capitalized.

For financial lease liabilities, the total lease liability reflects the present value of minimum lease payments or the fair value of the leased asset.

4.13 Recognition and capitalization of borrowing costs

The company applies the accounting policy for borrowing costs as per Accounting Standard No. 16 on Borrowing Costs, as follows:

Borrowing costs directly related to the investment in construction or production of construction-in-progress assets are capitalized into the value of the asset, including interest on loans, amortization of discounts or premiums on bond issuance, and other related borrowing costs.

Capitalization of borrowing costs will be suspended during periods when the construction or production of construction-in-progress assets is interrupted, unless the interruption is necessary.

Capitalization of borrowing costs ends when the essential activities required to prepare the asset for use or sale have been completed. Borrowing costs incurred after this will be recognized as production or business expenses in the year incurred.

Income arising from temporary investment of loans while waiting to use them for obtaining construction-in-progress assets must be deducted from capitalized borrowing costs.

The borrowing costs capitalized during the year must not exceed the total borrowing costs incurred during the year. The interest expenses and the amortized discount or premium capitalized each year must not exceed the actual interest expenses and the amortized discount or premium for that year.

4.14 Principles for recognizing owners' equity

Owner's investment capital includes:

- + Initial capital contributions and additional contributions from the owners.
- + Amounts supplemented from the equity funds, profits after tax from business operations.

The surplus capital stock is recognized according to the difference between the actual issuance price and the par value of shares when shares are issued.

Foreign exchange differences are immediately reflected in financial revenue (if a gain) or financial expenses (if a loss) at the time of occurrence.

4.14 Principles for recognizing owners' equity (Continued)

Treasury shares are recognized at the actual repurchase price, including the purchase price and any direct costs related to the repurchase of shares.

HAI AGROCHEM JOINT STOCK COMPANY

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

28 Mac Dinh Chi, Da Kao Ward, District 1, Ho Chi Minh City, Viet Nam

Quarter IV of 2024

از

٧

77

Principles for setting up funds from post-tax profits: The establishment of funds from post-tax profits is carried out according to the Company's charter and the resolutions of the Company's General Assembly of Members.

4.15 Recognition of revenue, financial revenue, and other income

Revenue from the sale of goods is recognized when it satisfies the following conditions:

Most of the risks and rewards related to the ownership of the product or goods have been transferred to the buyer.

Revenue is relatively certain. When entering into a contract where the buyer has the right to return the purchased product or goods under specific conditions, the company can only recognize revenue when those specific conditions no longer exist and the buyer no longer has the right to return the product or goods.

The company no longer retains control over the goods as the owner or has control over the

The company has received or will receive economic benefits from the sales transaction.

The costs related to the sales transaction can be determined.

Revenue from service provision is recognized when the following conditions are met:

Revenue from a service transaction is recognized when the result of that transaction can be reliably determined. In cases where the service is performed over multiple periods, revenue is recognized in the period based on the work completed as of the end of the financial year. The result of the service provision transaction is determined when all of the following conditions are

- Revenue can be reliably determined.
- There is a possibility of receiving economic benefits from the service transaction.
- The portion of the work completed by the end of the financial year can be determined.
- The costs incurred for the transaction and the costs to complete the service provision can be

Revenue reductions

This account is used to reflect reductions in revenue from the sale of goods and service provision arising during the period, including: trade discounts, sales returns, and reductions in the price of goods sold. This account does not reflect taxes deducted from revenue, such as output VAT payable calculated under the direct method.

Financial revenue

Income from interest is recognized based on the rate corresponding to the time period, using the principal balance and applicable interest rate.

Other income

0

1

Other income refers to income that is unusual and outside the scope of business activities, either registered or permitted by the company.

4.16 Accounting principles for cost of goods sold and services rendered

The cost of goods sold reflects the value of products, goods, services, and investment real estate sold during the year. Additionally, it includes costs related to the business of investment real estate, such as depreciation, repair costs, operating lease expenses for investment properties, costs of sales, and liquidation of investment properties.

Provisions for inventory write-downs are included in the cost of goods sold based on the inventory levels and the difference between the net realizable value being lower than the cost of the inventory.

Costs of raw materials, labor exceeding normal levels, and fixed production overheads that cannot be allocated are included in the cost of goods sold for the year.

Import taxes, special consumption taxes, and environmental protection taxes that have been included in the purchase price of goods, if refunded upon sale, should be deducted from the cost of goods sold.

4.17 Financial and other expenses

Financial expenses

Financial expenses include costs related to financial investment activities, borrowing and lending costs, contributions to joint ventures, losses from the sale of short-term securities, securities transaction costs, provision for impairment of trading securities, provision for loss on investments in other entities, foreign currency exchange losses, and exchange rate losses. Reversals of provisions for impairment of trading securities and provisions for loss on investments in other entities are deducted from financial expenses.

Other expenses

Other expenses are costs incurred due to events or transactions that are separate from the regular operations of the business.

4.18 Accounting principles for selling expenses

Selling expenses of a business are the actual costs incurred during the process of selling products, goods, or providing services. These include costs for marketing, product promotion, advertising, sales commissions, warranty expenses for products and goods, storage, packaging, and transportation costs.

Reversals of warranty provisions for products or goods (the difference between the provision required this year being less than the unused provision from the previous year) should be deducted from selling expenses.

(

4.19 Accounting principles for business management expenses

Business management expenses include wages and wage-related provisions for management staff, office material costs, tool and equipment costs, depreciation of fixed assets used for business management, land rent, business license tax, provisions for doubtful debts, outsourced services, and other monetary expenses.

Reversals of provisions for doubtful debts and provisions for payable accounts (the difference between the provision required this year being less than the unused provision from the previous year) should be deducted from business management expenses.

4.20 Taxes

VAI accounting is done separately for deductible input VAI and non-deductible input VAI. If this is not possible, the non-deductible VAT is accounted for in account 133. At the end of the year, the company determines the deductible VAT and non-deductible VAT in accordance with VAT laws

Non-deductible input VAT is included in the value of the purchased asset, the cost of sold goods, or production and business expenses, depending on the specific case.

VAT payable includes: VAT payable on imported goods and VAT payable on goods and services sold, after deducting the deductible input VAT during the fiscal year.

Corporate Income Tax (CIT): CIT is a direct tax calculated on the business results after determining taxable income by subtracting deductible expenses from total revenues and income. This is tracked in the CIT account, reflecting the corporate income tax payable, paid, and yet to be paid to the State Budget.

Export tax is an indirect tax and is not included in the revenue structure of the business. When exporting goods, the business must separate the export tax payable from sales revenue. If it is not possible to separate the export tax at the time of revenue recognition, the revenue is recorded including the tax but periodically, the export tax payable should be deducted from the revenue.

4.21 Principles and methods for recognizing current corporate income tax expense and deferred corporate income tax expense

Current corporate income tax expense is determined based on the total taxable income and the corporate income tax rate for the current year.

Deferred corporate income tax expense is the amount of corporate income tax that will be payable in the future, arising from:

- Recognition of deferred income tax payable in the current year.
- Reversal of deferred income tax assets previously recognized from previous years.

The determination of the company's income tax is based on prevailing tax regulations. However, these regulations change over time, and the final determination of corporate income tax depends on the results of audits conducted by the competent authorities.

۲

Ţ

4.22. Method for preparing consolidated Financial statements

Consolidated Balance sheet

The consolidated balance sheet is prepared by consolidating the balance sheets of the parent company and its subsidiaries on an item-by-item basis by aggregating equivalent items of assets, liabilities, and equity according to the following principles:

- Items that do not require adjustments are aggregated directly to determine the corresponding item in the consolidated balance sheet.
- Items requiring adjustments are first adjusted before being aggregated for consolidation and presented in the consolidated balance sheet. The adjusted items related to the consolidated
- + Investments of the parent company in its subsidiaries;
- + Non-controlling interests;
- + Intercompany receivables and payables between the parent company and its subsidiaries;
- + Unrealized gains and losses from internal transactions.

Consolidated Income statement

The consolidated income statement is prepared by consolidating the income statements of the parent company and its subsidiaries on an item-by-item basis by aggregating equivalent items according to the following principles:

- Items that do not require adjustments are aggregated directly to determine the corresponding item in the consolidated income statement.
- Items requiring adjustments are first adjusted before being aggregated for consolidation and presented in the consolidated income statement. The adjusted items related to the consolidated
- + Revenue and cost of goods sold from transactions between the parent company and its subsidiaries;
- + Financial income and financial expenses from transactions between the parent company and
- + Non-controlling interests in net profit after corporate income tax;
- + Unrealized gains and losses from internal transactions between the parent company and its

28 Mac Dinh Chi, Da Kao Ward, District 1, Ho Chi Minh City, Viet Nam

V. ADDITIONAL INFORMATION FOR ITEMS PRESENTED IN THE CONSOLIDATED

BALANCE SHEET:	ON TEMO PRESENTED IN THE CONSOLIDATED

1. Cash		Unit: VNE
- Cash on hand	Ending balance	Beginning balance
92000-1	381,632,949	
+ Vietnam dong	347,752,949	
+ Gold, silver, and gemstone:	33,880,000	
- Cash in bank (*)	4,309,998,787	
+ Vietnam dong	4,290,086,330	-,,000,210
+ Foreign currency	19,912,457	-,,,,
Total	4,691,631,736	17,096,595 3,989,358,513
2. Held-to-maturity investments		
Hai Investment and Development Real Estate	Ending balance	Beginning balance
Company Limited		
ACO Investment and Development Company Limited	155,253,768,950	155,253,768,950
Tra Co Commercial and Services Joint Stock Total	106,180,000,000	106,180,000,000
Total	261,433,768,950	261,433,768,950
3. Receivables from short-term loans		, , , , , , ,
Tam An Import Export And Trading Investment	Ending balance	Beginning balance
Company Limited	260,231,000,000	260,231,000,000
Thanh Hoa Land Investment Limited Company	249,100,000,000	249,100,000,000
Hoa Huong Duong Trading And Investment Joint Stock Company	271,404,929,000	271,404,929,000
Tra Co Commercial and Services JSC. Total	64,500,000,000	64,500,000,000
i otal	845,235,929,000	845,235,929,000
4. Other long-term investments		
FI CHOMES Pool Fototo D	Ending balance	Beginning balance
FLCHomes Real Estate Development And Investment Joint Stock Company	175,046,928,728	175,046,928,728
Total -	175 046 000 700	

175,046,928,728

175,046,928,728

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
For the fiscal year ended December
31, 2024

HAI AGROCHEM JOINT STOCK COMPANY 28 Mac Dinh Chi, Da Kao Ward, District 1, Ho Chi Minh City, Viet Nam

5. Short-term trade receivables

	ENDING	ENDING BALANCE	BEGINNING	BEGINNING BALANCE
S contract the second s	Value	Provision	Value	Provision
Do Thanh Ha Noi Materials And Construction Joint	559,170,772,822	(282,054,489,370)	558,083,683,681	(28
Stock Company	12,947,417,369	6	12,947,417,369	
Phuc Thinh Service Development and Trading Investment Joint Stock Company	11,388,188,919	9 (11,388,188,919)	11,388,188,919	(11,388,188,919)
ITH Investment and Development Company Limited Branch of HAI Agrochem JSC Flour Manufacturing Trading And Section 1	33,302,000,000 29,729,168,459	(33,302,000,000) (29,624,718,153)	33,302,000,000	
Spotlight Animal Feed Corporation	17,126,863,160 21,643,158,500	(17,126,863,160)	17,126,863,160	(17,126,863,160)
Hung Thinh Phat Agriculture One Member Company	4,161,198,440	-	4,161,198,440	(000,001,010,12)
Limited D&D Agriculture One Member Company I imited	24,468,614,751		24,468,614,751	•
Hoa Huong Duong Trading And Investment JSC	9,089,864,429 62,076,720,378	(62,076,720,378)	9,089,864,429 62,076,720,378	- (875 007 870 68)
Outer customers Short-term trade receivables from related narries	333,237,578,417	Ξ	332,150,489,276	(106,673,632,173)
HAI Quy Nhon Limited Company	1,555,235,092	(1,001,003,225)	1,555,235,092	(1,001,003,225)
CFS Investment and Import Export Trading JSC	,		1	
FLC Faros Construction Joint Stock Company	1,002,440,752 239,594,340	(1,001,003,225)	1,002,440,752	(1,001,003,225)
r LC Cluy Nhon Golf & Resort Joint Stock Company. HAI Agrochem Joint Stock Company	313,200,000	1	313,200,000	
HAI Long An Manutacturing & Irading Limited Company	1 1			
Total	560,726,007,914	(283,055,492,595)	559,638,918,773 (282,836,284,508)	(282,836,284,508)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS For the fiscal year ended December

6. Advances to suppliers

28 Mac Dinh Chi, Da Kao Ward, District 1, Ho Chi Minh

City, Viet Nam

HAI AGROCHEM JOINT STOCK COMPANY

itedn	k Company		1
Kien Nguyen Construction Company Limitedn	AOS Science and Technology Joint Stock Company		
Kien Nguyen Cor	AOS Science and	Other customers	Total

(1,787,605,794)

7,150,423,177 93,674,065,909 119,297,211,611 220,121,700,697

(1,787,605,794)

7,150,423,177

(6,797,949,057) (8,585,554,851)

113,178,030,720 214,002,519,806

93,674,065,909

Provision

Value

Provision

Value

ENDING BALANCE

BEGINNING BALANCE

(6,797,949,057) (8,585,554,851)

7. Other receivables

 a. Other short-term receivables 	Other receivables	Receivables from advances	Receivables from deposits and collaterals	b. Other long-term receivables	Receivables from deposits and collaterals	HAI Agrochem Joint Stock Company	HAI Long An Manufacturing & Trading Limited
ä				ġ			

Company Total

ENDING BALANCE	ALANCE	BEGINNING BALANCE	BALANOE
Value	Provision	Value	Provision
401,743,251,455	(237,925,079,911)	401,260,059,599	103
398,559,918,839	(237,925,079,911)	398 159 918 839	(237,925,019,9
2,915,407,331	,	2,915,371,909	(118,870,628,763)
267,925,285	ı	184,768,851	
(453,679,092)		3,050,928,336	
46,320,908	•	28,820,908	
(500,000,000)	1	3,022,107,428	
•		•	

404,310,987,935 (237,925,079,911)

401,289,572,363 (237,925,079,911)

NOVET - - JAK

HAI AGROCHEM JOINT STOCK COMPANY 28 Mac Dinh Chi, Da Kao Ward, District 1, Ho Chi Minh City, Viet Nam

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Quarter IV of 2024

9. Inventories

a. Inventories

Raw Materials	ENDING BALANCE	BEGINNING BALANCE
Tools and Equipment	20,164,125,718	25,111,643,155
Work in Progress	-	1,636,364
Finished Goods	561,959,090	1,185,997,990
Merchandise	18,933,812,827	16,638,615,166
Real Estate Inventory	137,191,275,974	126,142,931,747
Consigned Goods	130,344,921,178	130,344,921,178
Total		
	307,196,094,787	299,425,745,600
Province for the		

b. Provision for inventory decline in value

Morohandina I		BEGINNING BALANCE
Merchandise Inventory Total	(2,099,806,392)	(2,099,806,392)
rotar	(2,099,806,392)	(2,099,806,392)

28 Mac Dinh Chi, Da Kao Ward, District 1, Ho Chi Minh City, Viet Nam HAI AGROCHEM JOINT STOCK COMPANY

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Quarter IV of 2024

STOCKE POWER STOCKE		1		1	1	
	Buildings and structures	Machinery and equipment	Transportation and transmission equipment	Management equipment	Other fixed assets	Total
Cost						
1 Beginning balance	80,733,957,960	58,355,614,311	36.053.679.948	A 450 547 500		
2 Acquisitions during the		200 110 110	010000000000000000000000000000000000000	4,450,547,588	2,566,252,544	182,160,052,362
period		957,851,000	•			957,851,000
Completed construction in progress						
4 Other increases	89 203 136					
Transfer to investment	20,400,	•	35,336,000	ı	1	124,539,136
4	•	•		•		
6 Liquidation and disposal	•	•	(833 752 430)		•	
7 reallocation	,	39	(001,1001,1001)	1	•	(833,752,430)
0			1	,		
		(124,039,136)	•	,		(424 020 424)
Ending balance	80,823,161,096	59,189,426,175	35,255,263,518	4 450 547 500	2 556 252 544	(124,039,136)
Depreciated value				2001	4,000,202,044	182,284,650,932
9 Beginning balance	39,018,789,107	38,484,106,910	27 068 322 704	A 050 275 250 A		
10 Depreciation for the period	5.400.527.306	5 212 626 611	7 208 202 200	4,050,778,309	2,400,425,300	111,022,422,417
11 Other increases		10,000,1110	2,300,201,900	232,439,568	77,512,500	13,231,313,885
Transfer to investment				1	í	
property	•	•	•	1	,	
13 Liquidation and disposal	i	•	(833 752 430)			•
14 Other decreases	1		(1,606,690,660)	ı	1	(833,752,430)
Ending balance	44,419,316,413	43 696 733 521	(1,000,003,009)	1	1	(1,606,689,669)
Remaining value		70,00,000	760,000,000,00	4,283,211,877	2,477,937,800	121,813,294,203
Beginning balance	41,715,168,853	19.871.507 401	8 985 357 157	200 001 000		
Ending balance	36,403,844,683	15,492,692,654	8,319,174,926	167 329 722	165,827,244	71,137,629,945

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

28 Mac Dinh Chi, Da Kao Ward, District 1, Ho Chi Minh City, Viet Nam HAI AGROCHEM JOINT STOCK COMPANY

Quarter IV of 2024

	Land use rights	Patent	Trademarks	9550)	Licenses and	Licenses and er intensible as	
Cost		Sing. (day		sortware	franchises	ci ilitaligible as:	lotal
1 Beginning balance	•	1,641,237,145		573,333,333 2,049,403.321	454 402 000	710 244	
Acquisitions during the period					000,204,404	1,511,375,752	6,229,751,551
3 Generated internally		31					
4 Other increase 5 Transfer	1 1				, ,		
6 Liquidation and disposal		' '				1	
8 Other decrease	3.						
Ending balance Depreciated value		1,641,237,145	573,333,333	2,049,403,321	454,402,000	454,402,000 1,511,375,752	6,229,751,551
9 Beginning balanc	•	1,641,237,145	573,333,333	573,333,333 2,049,403,321	454,402,000	566,772,872	5,285,148,671
the period 11 Other increases			1		•	27,379,788	27,379,788
12 Transfer	,		1		1	1	
Liquidation and disposal							
14 Other decrease	x	1					
Ending balance		1,641,237,145	573,333,333	2,049,403,321	454,402,000	594,152,660	5,312,528,459
Beginning balanc Ending balance				٠		944,602,880	944,602,880
						-	

12. Construction in progress

12. Construction in progress		
	ENDING BALANCE	BEGINNING
Purchase of fixed assets	BALAITOL	BALANCE
Consulting for the Construction of ISO 9001:2015 Quality Management System	616,190,476	616,190,476
SAP Software	1 000 004 000	
Trademark registration costs	1,908,001,200	1,908,001,200
Land Survey and Drawing Project for 364 Residential Area	31,737,905	31,737,905
Construction in progress		
Land Acquisition Cost for QSD No. 00363 Lam Sieu Hui in Soc Trang (103m²)	60,000,000	60,000,000
HAI Commercial Center Office Building Project	129,680,000	129,680,000
Construction of HAI General Warehouse in Tien Giang	311,541,818	311,541,818
Other projects	127,595,500	_
Total	3,184,746,899	3,057,151,399
3. Prepaid expenses		
Short to	ENDING BALANCE	BEGINNING BALANCE
Short-term prepaid expenses	317,660,205	263,365,920
Insurance purchase expenses	14,428,784	17,032,625

13.

a Short torm many it	ENDING BALANCE	BEGINNING BALANCE
a. Short-term prepaid expenses	317,660,205	263,365,920
Insurance purchase expenses	14,428,784	17,032,625
Tools and equipment used Product name licensing expenses	18,844,575	-
Other expenses	-	
	284,386,846	246,333,295
 b. Long-term prepaid expenses Major repair expenses 	8,831,709,704	9,122,908,201
Land lease expenses	•	=
Tools and equipment used	2 222 452 222	-
Other expenses	2,322,153,292	2,390,302,646
Total	6,509,556,412	6,732,605,555
· otal	9,149,369,909	9,386,274,121

HAI AGROCHEM JOINT STOCK COMPANY 28 Mac Dinh Chi, Da Kao Ward, District 1, Ho Chi Minh City, Viet Nam

IOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
For the fiscal year ended December
31, 2024

14. Short-term payables to suppliers

	ENDING BALANCE	BEGINNING BALANCE
a. Payables to unrelated parties	327,711,169,639	
Thien Thanh One Member Limited Liability	8,135,334,863	11,355,334,863
Damexco Co., Ltd	117,302,439,236	117,302,439,236
Dai Loc Phat Investment, Trading, and Import- Export Company Limited Eldon Investment and Development Company	14,062,390,384	15,104,598,718
Limited	63,932,930,509	63,932,930,509
IMR Investment and Development Joint Stock	13,510,417,030	13,510,417,030
Ngoc Thien Tan Agrochem Corporation	24,513,293,331	24,513,293,331
Other suppliers	86,254,364,286	99,750,074,786
b. Payables to related parties	2,789,242,841	2,789,242,841
FLC Group Joint Stock Company		,,-,-,-,-,-,-,-
AMD Group, Jsc	140,000	140,000
FLC Quy Nhon Golf & Resort Joint Stock Company	2,789,102,841	2,789,102,841
HAI Agrochem Joint Stock Company	_	2,700,102,041
HAI Investment and Development Real Estate Company Limited	-	_
HAI Quy Nhon Limited Company		
HAI Long An Manufacturing & Trading Limited Company		
Total	330,500,412,480	348,258,331,314
15. Advances from customers		0 10,200,001,014
	ENDING BALANCE	BEGINNING BALANCE
Vietexco Trade and Investment LLC	-	BALANCE
Do Thanh Ha Noi Materials and Construction Joint Stock Company		
Viet Han Construction and Installation Joint Stock Company	-	
Ngoc Thien Tan Agrochem Corporation		
Agriculture Gold International	-	-
Other customers	F9 907 200 004	-
Total	58,897,209,621	44,566,107,443
40.7	58,897,209,621	44,566,107,443
16. Taxes and other receivables/payables to the State ((appendix 01)	
17. Employee payables		
Employee poyables	ENDING BALANCE	BEGINNING BALANCE
Employee payables Total	4,274,745,045	2,571,334,971
Iotal	4,274,745,045	2 571 334 071

4,274,745,045

2,571,334,971

HAI AGROCHEM JOINT STOCK COMPANY 28 Mac Dinh Chi, Da Kao Ward, District 1, Ho Chi Minh City, Viet Nam

IOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
For the fiscal year ended December
31, 2024

18. Short-term accrued expenses

Accompany	ENDING BALANCE	BEGINNING BALANCE
Accrued loan interest expenses	10,708,689,742	10,381,373,719
Accrued other expenses	17,500,000	3,781,478,473
Total	10,726,189,742	14,162,852,192

19. Other short-term payables

	ENDING BALANCE	BEGINNING BALANCE
Trade union funds	1,509,738,362	1,172,588,656
Health, Social, and Unemployment Insurance	29,854,777	325,982,645
Surplus of assets awaiting resolution.		_
Other payables Get escrow, margin deposits	1,900,369,614	1,843,455,706
Hai Investment and Development Real Estate Company Limited		
HAI Agrochem Joint Stock Company- Profit	_	
HAI Agrochem Joint Stock Company - Trust interest.	T	
HAI Long An Manufacturing & Trading Limited Company		
Hai Quy Nhon Limited Company	15 11 60	
Other	400,477,500	400,477,500
Total	3,840,440,253	3,742,504,507

CO
٠,
STATEMENTS
7
111
ш
5
-
ш
_
-
4
\vdash
in
0,
- 1
=
Q
FINANCIAL S
O
7
-
P
7
_
11
-
_
0
-
S
ш
NOTES
_
0
=

28 Mac Dinh Chi, Da Kao Ward, District 1, Ho Chi Minh City, HAI AGROCHEM JOINT STOCK COMPANY

20. Borrowings and finance leases

Viet Nam

a. Vay và nợ thuê tài chính ngắn hạn

	BEGINNIN	BEGINNING BALANCE	DURING TI	DURING THE PERIOD	FNDING BALANCE	E NO INC
	Value	Amount available for debt repayment	Increase	Decrease	Value	Amount available for
A/ Current portion of long-						debt repayment
Agribank, Phu Nhuan Branch	J	ı				
Sacombank, Binh Dinh Branch			1			
B/ Short-term borrowings						
- Bank loans						
Agribank, Phu Nhuan Branch	18,437,749,561	18,437,749,561	71,935,665,715	65,290,000,000	25,083,415,276	25,083,415,276
Agribank, Sai Gon Branch	1	•	T			
Sacombank, Binh Dinh Branch	800,000,000	800,000,000	1,600,000,000	1,600,000,000	800,000,000	800,000,000

B/ Short-term borrowings (continued)

- Loans from other organizations and individuals

S
STATEMENTS
7
III
₹
5
ш
5
-
-
0,
_
A
CIAI
×
FINAN
3
4
L
_
2
S
Ш
OTES
0
Z
C.C.

HAI AGROCHEM JOINT STOCK COMPANY 28 Mac Dinh Chi, Da Kao Ward, District 1, Ho Chi Minh City, Viet Nam

viet ivam						Quarter IV of 2024
Employees of Hai Agrochem Joint Stock Company	3,239,040,202	3,239,040,202		2,391,876,667	847,163,535	847,163,535
Individuals - Hai Quy Nhon Company	500,000,000	500,000,000			500,000,000	
Individuals - Hai Long An Other individuals VFL., JSC		1 1		T T		
Binh Dinh Investment and Development Joint Stock Company	500,000,000	500,000,000		500,000,000	1 1	
FLC Resort Service Business LLC	500,000,000	500,000,000			500,000,000	500,000,000
otal	23,976,789,763	23,976,789,763	23,976,789,763 23,976,789,763 73,535,665,715	69,781,876,667	27,730,578,811 27,730,578,811	27,730,578,811

b. Long-term borrowings and finance leases

	BEGINNING	BEGINNING BALANCE	DURING THE PERIOD	E PERIOD	FUNDING BALANCT	TOWN IN
	Value	Amount available for debt repayment	Increase	Decrease	Value	Amount available for debt
Bank loans						repayment
Agribank, Phu Nhuan Branch	69,145,443,305	69,145,443,305		11,900,000.000	57 245 443 305	700 045 440 000
Sacombank, Binh Dinh Branch	•	î				57,249,445,505
Total					•	'
	69,145,443,305	09,145,443,305 69,145,443,305		11,900,000,000	57.245.443.305	57.245.443.305 57.245.443.305

HAI AGROCHEM JOINT STOCK COMPANY

28 Mac Dinh Chi, Da Kao Ward, District 1, Ho Chi Minh City, Viet Nam

Quarter IV of 2024

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

21. Increase, decrease in owners' equity

A - STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN OWNERS' EQUITY

Content	Owner's contributed capital	Share premium	Development investment fund	Undistributed profit	Non- controlling interest.	Total
Beginning balance of - Capital increase	1,826,827,990,000	36,652,274,294	43,8	(185,119,027,108)	59,973,414,357	1,782,180,196,952
- Profit/(Loss) for the						
- Other increase	,	' '		33, 165, 180,610	•	33,165,180,610
 Capital decrease during the year 		ľ		' '		
- Dividend payment - Other decrease						
Beginning balance of	4 926 927 999 4		1		1	1
the current year	36,652,274,294	36,652,274,294	43,845,545,409	43,845,545,409 (151,953,846,498)	59,973,414,357	1,815,345,377,562
 Capital increase during the period Profit/(Loss) for the 						
period - Other increase		t a		3,763,092,957		3,763,092,957
- Reclassification			ı	,	1 F 1	
- Other decrease		1 1	1 1	,		r
Ending balance of the period	1,826,827,990,000	36,652,274,294	43,845,545,409	36,652,274,294 43,845,545,409 (148,190,753,541)	59,973,414,357	1,819,108,470,519

13/11/20 1/:1

21.	Increase,	decrease i	n owners'	equity (Continued)	
-----	-----------	------------	-----------	--------------------	--

Details of owners' contributed capital Capital contribution of shareholders		
Total	1,826,827,990,000	1,826,827,990,000
Total	1,826,827,990,000	1,826,827,990,000

C. Transactions with owners and distribution of dividends and profit

Owners' contribute I	ENDING BALANCE	BEGINNING BALANCE
Owners' contributed capital Beginning balance		
Increase during the period	1,826,827,990,000	1,826,827,990,000
Decrease during the period		•
Ending balance	1,826,827,990,000	-
Dividends and profit distributed	The second secon	1,826,827,990,000
	-	-

D. Shares

		ENDING BALANCE	BEGINNING BALANCE
	 Number of shares registered for issuance 	182,682,799	182,682,799
	 Number of shares issued to the public 	182,682,799	
	+ Ordinary shares		182,682,799
	+ Preferred shares	182,682,799	182,682,799
	SWINDS OF THE SWINS THE SW	-	_
	 Number of shares repurchased 	_	
	+ Ordinary shares		
	+ Preferred shares		
	- Number of outstanding shares	192 692 700	
	+ Ordinary shares	182,682,799	182,682,799
		182,682,799	182,682,799
	+ Preferred shares		,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,
1	* Par value of outstanding shares	10.000 VND per share	-

E. Corporate funds

ENDING BALANCE	BEGINNING BALANCE
42,624,033,671	42,624,033,671
42,624,033,671	42,624,033,671
	42,624,033,671

VI. ADDITIONAL INFORMATION ON ITEMS PRESENTED IN THE INCOME STATEMENT

1. Revenue from sale of goods and rendering of services

Unit: VND

Revenue from solos of finished	Accumulated This Period	Accumulated Previous Period
Revenue from sales of finished goods and merchandise	213,384,569,045	165,290,143,401
Real estate revenue		
Service revenue		
Total	212 204 500 045	
	213,384,569,045	165,290,143,401

2. Deductions

Salaa satuur	Accumulated This Period	Accumulated Previous Period
Sales returns		689,541,664
Trade discounts	5,621,906,003	2,944,309,376
Total	5,621,906,003	3,633,851,040

3. Costs of goods sold and services rendered

	Accumulated This Period	Accumulated Previous Period
Cost of goods sold (finished goods and merchandise)	139,000,240,904	129,572,724,563
Cost of real estate sold		
Cost of services rendered		•
Total	139,000,240,904	129,572,724,563

4. Revenue from financial activities

Accumulated This Period	Accumulated Previous Period
7,499,822	8,676,913
	5,575,575
88 660 305	40.000.000
00,000,333	16,868,698
-	
963,942,360	310,141,656
1,060,102,577	335,687,267
	Period 7,499,822 - 88,660,395 - 963,942,360

N | 0 | 19:

5.	Financial	expenses
----	-----------	----------

Loan interest owners	Accumulated This Period	Accumulated Previous Period
Loan interest expense Payment discount	8,064,144,078	1,321,182,355
Unrealized foreign exchange loss Other financial expenses	3,231,712,134	1,175,364,076
Total	2,426,310,525 13,722,166,737	1,969,090,865 4,465,637,296

6. Selling expenses

Raw materials and a service	Accumulated This Period	Accumulated Previous Period
Raw materials and supplies expenses	67,101,477	231,439,352
Tools and equipment expenses	46,541,628	_
Labor expenses	15,483,601,309	15,223,620,000
Depreciation expenses	865,282,716	1,398,375,932
Outsourced service expenses Other cash expenses	7,783,515,550	7,672,457,386
	1,912,988,755	4,175,895,946
Total	26,159,031,435	28,701,788,616
Total	26,159,031,435	=

7. Administrative expenses

Tools and a with	Accumulated This Period	Accumulated Previous Period
Tools and equipment expenses	880,787,673	123,145,666
Labor expenses Depreciation expenses Taxes fees and charges	11,541,333,574	10,231,062,266
	2,988,740,638	3,186,210,710
Taxes, fees, and charges Goodwill	40,703,191	91,405,657
Provision for doubtful debts	219,208,087	7,736,736
Outsourced services expenses Other cash expenses Total	6,812,791,368	6,032,802,979
	3,070,823,064	6,413,193,959
	25,554,387,595	26,085,557,973

8. Other income		0
Disposal of fixed assets	Accumulated This Period	Accumulated Previous
Other income	263,636,36	97,641,150,23
Total	864,387,144	4 1,877,035,75
····	1,128,023,507	
9. Other expenses		
	Accumulated This Period	Accumulated Previous Period
Fixed asset disposal costs Late payment penalties and compensation Penalties and fines, including administrative	137,916,671	61,572,692
Debt adjustments based on confirmation letters		
Other expenses	1,576,469,469	1 000 770 000
Total	1,714,386,140	1,963,779,209 2,025,351,901
10. Income tax expenses		2,020,001,901
	Accumulated This Period	Accumulated Previous Period
Current income tax expenses Deferred income tax expenses	37,483,357	-
Total =	37,483,357	-
Basic earnings per share		
Not profit offer OUT	Accumulated This Period	Accumulated Previous Period
Net profit after CIT Allocation to common shareholders	3,763,092,958	70,659,105,267
Bonus and welfare funds	3,763,092,958	70,659,105,267
Allocated profit	2 762 000 050	
Weighted average number of common shares outstanding	3,763,092,958 182,682,799	70,659,105,267
Basic earnings per share		182,682,799
	21	387

0

12	. Production and business costs by factor	Accumulated This Period	Accumulated Previous Period
	Materials and supplies costs Tools and equipment costs Labor expenses Depreciation of fixed assets Taxes, fees, and charges	139,994,671,682 927,329,301 27,024,934,883 3,854,023,354	129,927,309,581 123,145,666 25,454,682,266 4,584,586,642
	Provision costs Goodwill	40,703,191 219,208,087	91,405,657 7,736,736
	Outsourced service expenses Other cash expenses Total	14,596,306,918 4,983,811,819	13,705,260,365 10,589,089,905
	=	191,640,989,235	184,483,216,818

VII. OTHER INFORMATION

1. Financial instruments

- 1.1 Capital risk management: The Company manages its capital resources to ensure that it can both operate effectively and maximize shareholder value through efficient capital utilization.
- 1.2 Financial Assets: Financial assets are assets through which the Company can generate future income. These assets have been revalued at fair value as of the date of the Financial Statements:

ENDING DALANGE	
ENDING BALANCE	BEGINNING BALANCE
4,691,631,736	3,989,358,513
962,015,580,277	
966,707,212,013	967,939,265,221
	4,691,631,736 962,015,580,277

1.3 Financial liabilities: Financial liabilities have been re-evaluated in accordance with applicable Accounting Standards to ensure the Company's payment obligations. Additionally, borrowing costs incurred during the period have been recognized in the Company's Income Statement:

76,022,116 00,412,480	93,122,233,068
	The second secon
00 412 480	Contraction of the Contraction o
	348,258,331,314
40,440,253	3,742,504,507
316,874,849	445,123,068,889
	340,440,253 316,874,849

1.4 Financial Risk Management:

Financial risks include market risk, credit risk, liquidity risk, and cash flow risk. The Company does not implement risk hedging measures due to the absence of a domestic market for these instruments.

Market risk. The Company procures raw materials and goods from domestic suppliers to support its business operations. Therefore, the Company is exposed to risks related to changes in the prices of raw materials and goods. The Company manages this risk by sourcing from multiple suppliers across different locations, negotiating and adjusting selling prices flexibly, and employing various capital recovery measures.

Credit risk: Includes both liquidity risk and interest rate risk. The objective of liquidity risk management is to ensure sufficient funds are available to meet both current and future payment obligations. The Company's policy is to continuously monitor liquidity requirements for current and anticipated liabilities to maintain adequate cash reserves for both short-term and long-term liquidity needs.

a. Financial liabilities payable:

End	ina	h-	I	_
End	mg	Da	ıan	ce

Manual	less than 1 year	Item
More than 1 year	Legg than I year	01
57,245,443,305	27,730,578,811	 Short-term and long- term borrowings
	330,500,412,480	- Trade payables
	3,840,440,253	- Other payables
57,245,443,305	362,071,431,544	Total
		Beginning balance
More than 1 year	Less than 1 year	Item
		Chart
		- Short-term and long
69,145,443,305	23,976,789,763	 Short-term and long- term borrowings
69,145,443,305		
69,145,443,305	3,742,504,507	term borrowings - Trade payables
69,145,443,305		term borrowings
	-	27,730,578,811 57,245,443,305 330,500,412,480 - 3,840,440,253 - 362,071,431,544 57,245,443,305

1.4. Financial risk management (continued)

b. Financial assets

			Ending balance	
T-4-1	More than 1 year	Less than 1 year	Item	
4,691,631,736	-	4,691,631,736	Cash and Cash Equivalents	-
962,015,580,277	388,529,242	961,627,051,035	Accounts Receivable	7
966,707,212,013	388,529,242	966,318,682,771	Total	
			Beginning balance	
T-4-1	More than 1 year	Less than 1 year	Item	
3,989,358,513	-	3,989,358,513	Cash and Cash Equivalents	-
963,949,906,708	5,950,928,336	957,998,978,372	Accounts Receivable	-
967,939,265,221	5,950,928,336	961,988,336,885	Total	

2. Transactions with related parties

Related party	
FLC Group Joint Stock Company	Relationship Major Shareholder
Mr. Nguyen Chi Cong	Chairman of the Board of Directors
Mr. Quach Thanh Dong Mr Phan Thanh Diep	Vice Chairman of the Board of Directors - General Director
Mr Pham Van Luom	Board Member
Mr. Pham Thanh Vuong	Board Member Chief Financial Officer
Mr. Ho Nguyen Duy Quan	Chief Accountant

2.2 Balances with related parties

a. Receivables

CFS Investment and Import Export Trading Joint Stock Company ENDING BALANCE

579,560,244

Total

579,560,244

b. Payables

CFS Investment and Import Export Trading Joint Stock Company **ENDING BALANCE**

Total

2,063,135,278

8,506,343,405

2,063,135,278

2.3. Transactions with related parties

Related party	Relationship	Cumulative purchases by the end of this period
CFS Investment and Import Export Trading Joint Stock Company	Common Management Personnel	2,139,109,437
Total		2,139,109,437
Related party	Relationship	Cumulative sales by the end of this period
CFS Investment and Import Export Trading Joint Stock Company	Common Management Personnel	8,506,343,405

3. Going concern information

The Executive Board affirms that the Company will continue its operations in the next financial year.

4. Comparative information

The comparative figures are the data from the Quarter IV financial statements prepared by HAI Agrochemical Joint Stock Company

Preparer/

Tổng

Chief Accountant

Ho Chi Minh City February 24, 2025

Cổ PHẨN NÔNG DƯỢC

HAI

Quach Thanh Dong

Ho Ng. Duy Quan

Ho Ng. Duy Quan

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Quarter IV of 2024

HAI AGROCHEM JOINT STOCK COMPANY 28 Mac Dinh Chi, Da Kao Ward, District 1, Ho Chi Minh City, Vietnam Appendix 01: Taxes and Receivables/Payables to the State

a. Taxes and receivables from the State

	Beginning balance	Payable during the period	Paid during the period	Ending balance
Value-added tax on imported goods Corporate income tax Personal income tax	2,082,386,151	62,724,494	25,241,137	2,044,902,794
Land rental fees and land use tax Total	1,762,286	6,084,084	4,321,798	
b. Taxes and payables to the State				2,044,302,734
VAI. 00 - 11 - 12 - 12 - 12 - 12 - 12 - 12 -	Beginning balance	Payable during the period	Paid during the period	Ending balance
Import-export tax Corporate income tax Personal income tax Land rental fees and land use tax Business license tax Other taxes and fees	861,387,022 19,657,428 10,192,973,596 1,729,181,651	17,454,393,364 822,465 - 956,689,545 - 3,000,000 5,204,817	17,564,509,848 822,465 257,251,389 1,075,184,322 3,000,000	751,270,538 19,657,428 9,935,722,207 1,610,686,874
Total	12.826.627.972	10 100 100 100		066,77



12,317,415,037

18,929,323,126

18,420,110,191

12,826,627,972